**Rise of Hitler and the Nazi Party in Germany**

In 1933, Hitler becomes the Chancellor in Germany.

**Why Hitler and the Nazis?**

* Hitler promised to strengthen Germany
* Promised economic solutions
* Blamed Jews
* Organized Brown Shirts to stop opposition
* Hitler planned to violate the Treaty of Versailles to help Germany improve

**Treaty of Versailles**

The treaty was signed in 1919 to end World War I.

* Germany had to accept full blame, give up land, limit military, and pay reparations.

Germans resented the treaty

Germany was very poor and couldn’t pay all reparations.

* No jobs
* Prices of goods rose

Causes

of

World War II

**Worldwide Economic Depression**

After World War I, the world’s economy fell into a depression

* Economic Depression: a time where business is bad and people lose their jobs

Countries had borrowed money to pay for the war and now can’t repay their debts.

US Stock Market crashed on October 29, 1929.

**Start of World War II**

In 1939, Germany invaded Poland.

France and Great Britain decided to declare war on Germany, starting World War II

**Appeasement to Hitler**

Appeasement: when countries give in to another to avoid conflict.

Other European countries let Hitler…

* Stop paying reparations
* Take back land lost after WWI
* Rebuild German army
* Germany joined with Austria (“Anschluss”)

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| World War II  1939-1945 |
| **Who was fighting?**   * Allies: Great Britain, France, Soviet Union, United States (after Dec. 1941) * Axis Powers: Germany, Austria, Italy, Japan |
| **Meanwhile in Russia...**  The Soviet Union began in December 1922 and had a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ government   * Vladimir Lenin: a leader of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ until his death in 1924 * Josef Stalin: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (General Secretary) of Soviet Union, 1922 -1953   + Cruel and paranoid leader who terrorized and murdered citizens under his control     - Purges: arresting and killing “enemies” of the country     - Gulags: forced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ camps for enemies of the Communist Party and convicts   **Start of World War II**  German Soviet Non-Aggression Pact (August 1939)   * Hitler and Stalin signed a non-aggression \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   + They promised that neither country would attack the other   **On September 1, 1939, the German army invaded \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, starting World War II**   * \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Great Britain quickly declared war on Germany   **World War II**   * **May 1940**: Germany turns west and invades France and the Netherlands   + Germany uses a “**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**” to quickly and effectively attack     - **Blitzkrieg**: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ War”; use of both air attacks and ground attacks with tanks   + British troops were forced to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Dunkirk in northern France and escape back to England * **June 1940**: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ surrenders to Germany   Battle of Britain and the Blitz   * In the fall of 1940, the German Luftwaffe (Air Force) repeatedly bombed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and other industrial cities in England   + This was an attempt to destroy war supplies and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the British people   June 1941: Hitler breaks the Non-Aggression pact by invading the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   * The Soviet Union now with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   + Major turning point in the war   United States   * Lend Lease Act: the United States “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” military supplies to Britain, France, and the Soviet Union   + USA proclaimed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but openly supported Allies * Pearl Harbor (December 7, 1941): Japanese attack US Naval base   + United States declares war on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (ally of Germany)   **Allied leaders agreed to fight until an “unconditional surrender”**   * Countries learned from their mistakes in WWI * September 1943: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sign treaty * Allied Air Raids: British and America air raids on cities in Nazi controlled Europe * June 6, 1944: D-Day   + Allied forces invade Europe on the beaches of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   + August 24, 1944: France is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   **End of World War II**  During the winter of 1944-1945, Hitler tried to save the war effort   * Battle of the Bulge: December 1944 – January 1945   Germany \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on May 8, 1945   * V-E Day: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Europe * Adolf Hitler committed suicide in his bunker in Berlin on April 30, 1945   On August 15, 1945, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ surrendered, ending the war in the Pacific  **Potsdam Conference: meeting held between the Allied leaders**   * Leaders needed to decide how to punish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and how to create post-war order * What did they decide?   + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Germany   + Germany and Berlin will be divided into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ zones     - Each zone will be occupied by an Allied country     - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Nazi war criminals   **Impact of World War II**  World War II was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ military conflict in history   * Over 60 million people (soldiers and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) were killed * Deaths by country:   + France: 550,000   + Germany: 7-9 million   + Italy: 450,000   + Japan: 2-3 million   + Poland: 5 million   + Soviet Union: 21-28 million   + United Kingdom: 450,000   + United States: 420,000 |

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| https://image.freepik.com/free-icon/star-of-david-outline-variant_318-49613.jpg The Holocaust https://image.freepik.com/free-icon/star-of-david-outline-variant_318-49613.jpg |
| Between 1941 and 1945, Jewish people were murdered in the largest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the 20th century   * Holocaust: a destruction of slaughter on a mass scale * Genocide: deliberate killing of a large group of people, especially a particular ethnic group or nation * \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: hostility towards and hatred of Jewish people   By 1945, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ million people were murdered.  Beginning in the 1930s, Adolf Hitler and Nazi Germany began to target and ­­­­­­\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Jewish people in Germany   * “Master Race: the Nazi theory that there was a master or superior race of non-Jewish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Race: Caucasians with European heritage     - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ features (blonde hair, blue eyes) were the main example * Scapegoat: Jewish people were also used to place blame for problems in Germany and WWI   Nazi officials eventually came up with a policy known as the “**Final Solution**” to the Jewish Question   * \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: Germany’s plan during World War II to systematically rid the world of the Jewish population   + Led to creation of ghettos, concentration camps, and mass murder   Who else was targeted during the Holocaust?   * \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_/Political enemies * People with mental disorders and physical disabilities * People of other \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   **Nuremburg Laws of 1935**: government laws that excluded Jews from society and took away their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as citizens   * Defined who was Jewish * Outlawed marriage between Jews and Aryans * Jews had to wear \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ * Jewish children could only attend Jewish schools   **Ghettos**: segregated parts of cities where all Jews were forced to live   * Food rations and conditions were very poor * Major ghettos in Warsaw and Lodz   **Concentration Camps**   * Labor Camps: Buchenwald and Dachau in Germany * Death Camps: Auschwitz and Chelmno in Poland   **Auschwitz**   * \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was the largest camp during the Holocaust * Prisoners were forced to give up their belongings, live in cramped conditions, work hard labor, and live on little to no food * Children and the elderly were usually killed immediately * Between 1.1 and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ million people were murdered here   **At the camps...**   * Prisoners were forced to do hard labor and many were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to death * Forced to obey Nazis and were killed if they did not * Many people died from starvation and mistreatment * Medical Experiments: Nazi scientists also used prisoners for medical \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   + Josef Mengele organized this program   **Resistance to the Nazis/Holocaust**   * There was not much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from Jews until it was too late to do anything   + Jewish people had been \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for hundreds of years     - Many Jews though if they followed the rules and waited, it would change and get better * Small, unorganized resistance groups were throughout Germany   + None were ever successful   + Approximately \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ German citizens were killed for some type of resistance   + Die Weisse Rose: members of this group were arrested and murdered for passing out fliers speaking out against the Nazi Party and the war   **Liberation of the Camps...**   * \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the camps by Allied soldiers began as troops moved into Germany and Poland * US forces liberated Buchenwald then the rest of the camps in 1945 * “Liberators confronted unspeakable conditions in Nazi camps, where piles of corpses lay unburdened”   **The Holocaust by the numbers...**   * \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ million people were murdered   + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   + million victims were Jewish     - 63% of the Jewish people in Europe died     - 91% of the Jews in Poland were murdered * 3.5 million European Jews survived |